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Statement of Compliance with the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks

FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited

March 2024



Table of Contents

1.0.		2
2.0.	STATEMENT OF ADHERENCE	2
3.0.	INDEPENDENT BENCHMARK REVIEW REPORT	4



1.0. INTRODUCTION

FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited ("FMDQ Exchange" or the "Exchange") is a wholly owned subsidiary of FMDQ Group PLC ("FMDQ Group") with a mission to empower markets for economic progress towards delivering prosperity. FMDQ Exchange is a securities exchange registered by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), Nigeria, and is focused on organising the segments of the Nigerian financial markets within its purview and creating an efficient platform for the admission and trading/reporting of securities and financial instruments. As part of its mandate, the Exchange facilitates price discovery, transparency, and liquidity in its markets through the development and publication of benchmarks.

FMDQ Exchange is currently the administrator for the Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Fixing ("**NAFEX**")¹, the Nigerian Inter-Bank Offered Rate Fixing ("**NIBOR**")², and the Nigerian Inter-Bank Treasury Bills' True Yields Fixing ("**NITTY**")³ [collectively called the "**Benchmarks**" or the "**FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks**"].

FMDQ Exchange considers the Benchmarks to fall within the definition of 'benchmark' set out in the final report published by the International Organisation of Securities Commissions ("**IOSCO**") on "*Principles for Financial Benchmarks*" (the "**IOSCO Principles**") on July 17, 2013. Accordingly, FMDQ Exchange is the Benchmark Administrator⁴ of the Benchmarks for the purposes of this Statement of Compliance under the Principles.

As the largest exchange in Nigeria by transaction value, with an average annual turnover of circa \$529.30 billion over the last ten (10) years, the Exchange has championed the introduction of several innovative market development initiatives, driven by its strategic mandate, to transform the Nigerian financial markets. Consequently, FMDQ Exchange affirms the importance of the accuracy and integrity of Benchmarks in the pricing of financial contracts and, more generally, financial markets, and is committed to operating FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks in accordance with the IOSCO Principles and other relevant industry standards.

2.0. STATEMENT OF ADHERENCE

This Statement of Compliance seeks to describe the extent of the Exchange's compliance with the IOSCO Principles with respect to FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks. As contemplated by the IOSCO Principles, in assessing the extent of FMDQ Exchange's compliance, the Exchange has sought to implement the IOSCO Principles in a manner proportionate to the size and risks posed by each Benchmark and the FMDQ Exchange Benchmark setting process. For the avoidance of doubt, this Statement of Compliance is not

to money market yields i.e., true yields.

¹ Benchmark rate for FX spot operations in the Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Market.

² Reference for short-term lending rates of reputable banks in the Nigerian financial market quoted on an annualised basis.

³ Reference for Benchmark risk-free rate derived from the conversion of treasury bills discount rates for Benchmark tenors

⁴ 'Benchmark' and 'Administrator' are defined by IOSCO in the Glossary of Key Terms in Annex A of the Principles for Financial Benchmarks.



intended to cover any other dataset published or disseminated by FMDQ Exchange which shall/may be covered by separate Statements of Compliance as relevant.

The content of this Statement of Compliance follows the order of the IOSCO Principles and serves as a summary of FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Control Framework. Further information regarding FMDQ Exchange, and the Exchange's Benchmarks is available on the FMDQ Exchange website.

Governance: FMDQ Exchange has primary responsibility for all aspects of the determination of the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks and has ethics and conflicts of interest policies in place. A Benchmark Control Framework has been implemented that defines the roles and responsibilities of the Administrator in the production of the Benchmarks. Furthermore, a Benchmark Oversight Committee ("**BOC**") has been established to periodically review and provide guidance on the Benchmarks. Consequently, the Market Review Committee ("**MRC**") of FMDQ Exchange exists to periodically review and provide guidance on the Benchmarks as a BOC in line with requirements of the IOSCO Principles.

Quality of the Benchmark: NAFEX is intended to be a reliable representation of trading activities in the Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Market ("**NAFEM**"), while NIBOR and NITTY are meant to measure the cost of funding in the inter-bank money market and trading activity in the treasury bills market, respectively. The calculation of each Benchmark is primarily anchored in observable, arm's length transactions where the data is available and reflects sufficient liquidity and/or 'executable bid/offer quotes' where liquidity levels are low and is published each business day. Data exclusion policies have been implemented for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks that permit the exclusion/elimination of outlier/erroneous transaction data from the Benchmark calculations. Data contingency processes have been developed for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks in the unlikely event that a primary data source of one or more of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks is unavailable.

Quality of the Methodology: FMDQ Exchange has documented Methodologies to derive and calculate the Benchmarks daily. The FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are calculated as either Volume-Weighted Average Price ("VWAP") or trimmed arithmetic mean rates. All data collected and used in the production of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are subject to internal controls by the contributors and FMDQ Exchange. Any material changes to the Methodology of, or decision to terminate, any of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks would be communicated to the public and feedback would be solicited, to the extent reasonable.

Accountability: FMDQ Exchange has an established process for receiving and addressing complaints related to the administration of the Benchmarks⁵, as well as ensuring quality assurance. The Internal Audit function at the FMDQ Group level is responsible for ensuring quality assurance through periodic reviews of the Benchmark computation process and ensuring maintenance of relevant records of all actions taken in the computation of the Benchmarks. Section 3 below provides additional details regarding the compliance of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks with each of the IOSCO Principles, where applicable.

⁵ This includes but is not limited to FMDQ Exchange Benchmark Determination and Dissemination, Operations, Governance, etc.



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3.0. INDEPENDENT BENCHMARK REVIEW REPORT

The Managing Director, FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited, Exchange Place, 35 Idowu Taylor Street, Victoria Island, Lagos.

Assurance Report on the Compliance of FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited with the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks

We have performed an examination of the Statement of Compliance of FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited ("FMDQ Exchange") with the Principles for Financial Benchmarks published by the International Organization of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) in July 2013.

Use of report

We have carried out a reasonable assurance engagement in respect of:

- The Statement of Compliance of the Company describing the control procedures designed to address the IOSCO Principles.
- The suitability of design of the control procedures to address the IOSCO Principles in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter.

This report is issued solely to FMDQ Exchange. We do not accept any responsibility to third parties to whom our report may be shown or into whose hands it may come. This report may not be used other than together with the IOSCO Compliance Statement of FMDQ Exchange to which it relates.

Respective responsibilities

FMDQ Exchange is responsible for designing, implementing, and monitoring the policies, procedures and processes that achieve compliance with the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks as well as preparing the Statement of Compliance with the above-named Principles.

Independent auditor's responsibilities and scope of work

Our responsibility is to express a reasonable point-in-time assurance opinion on FMDQ Exchange's Compliance Statement whether it is fairly stated, in all material respects as of 31 December 2023. We conducted our engagement in accordance with International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" (ISAE 3000).

Our examination included those procedures we considered necessary in the circumstances to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the IOSCO Compliance Statement of FMDQ Exchange is fairly stated in all material respects. Our examination included obtaining through observation, inspection, representation, inquiry, and examination, on a sample basis, of the evidence supporting the assertations necessary for rendering our opinion. Our procedures are described the body of the report.

Inherent Limitations

Control procedures designed to address specified control objectives are subject to inherent limitations and, accordingly, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Such control procedures cannot guarantee protection against (amongst other things) fraudulent collusion especially on the part of those holding positions of authority or trust. Furthermore, our opinion is based on point-in-time information and the projection of any information or conclusions to any future periods is inappropriate.



Conclusion

Based on the procedures performed and the evidence obtained, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that:

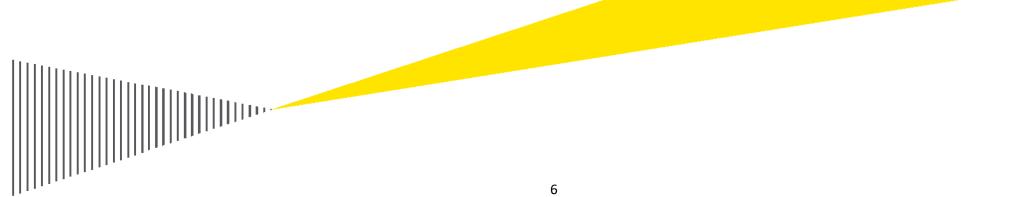
- a. The Company's Statement of Compliance does not, in all material respects, describe fairly the control procedures that relate to the specified control objectives aimed at complying with the IOSCO Principles which were in place as at 31 December 2023; and
- b. The control procedures are not suitably designed such that there is limited assurance that the specified control objectives aimed at complying with the IOSCO Principles will have been achieved if the described control procedures are complied with satisfactorily.

For: EY

Abiodun Ogunoiki CFA, FRM, CIA Associate Partner and Head, Financial Services Risk Management West Africa FRC/2022/PRO/DIR/003/119476 FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited

Independent Benchmark Review Final Report

February 2024



Introduction

FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited ("FMDQ Exchange"), recognised as a Financial Market Infrastructure ("FMI"), was registered by Nigeria's Securities and Exchange Commission. The establishment in 2012 as an Over-the-Counter market, and its subsequent registration as a Securities Exchange in 2019, marked the commencement of a platform focused on organising and deepening the Nigerian financial markets. In its role as an FMI, it provides a vibrant hub for the registration, listing, trading, and reporting of various securities and financial products.

Acting as Nigeria's largest Exchange for fixed income, currencies, and derivatives, FMDQ Exchange is committed to ensuring market credibility, robustness, efficiency, and liquidity. It achieves these core objectives through the continual promotion of product innovation and the systematic institutionalisation of efficient market infrastructure. The latter encompasses versatile benchmarks, standardised documentation, and comprehensive risk management processes within the FMDQ Exchange markets.

FMDQ Exchange takes precedent as the Benchmark Administrator for the Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Fixing, the Nigerian Inter-bank Offered Rate Fixing and the Nigerian Inter-bank Treasury Bills' True Yields Fixing. These benchmarks, collectively referred to as "FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks", subscribe to the "Principles for Financial Benchmarks" as published by the International Organisation of Securities Commissions in July 2013.

FMDQ Exchange engaged EY as an Independent Consultant to assess its compliance with the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks (2013) across Governance, Benchmark Operations, and Information Technology. The procedures performed included the following:

- Review of relevant documents such as FMDQ Exchange Statement of Compliance with the IOSCO Principles, FMDQ Exchange Methodologies, Standard Policies
 and Procedural Manuals, the Market Review Committee ("MRC") Charter and Minutes of the MRC Meetings, and other supplementary documents
- Walk-throughs for key processes and controls
- Interviews with relevant stakeholders

The report presents highlights of the applicable IOSCO principle and EY's procedure in assessing compliance. Our observations have been documented with reference to the requirements of the IOSCO principles.

Detailed Findings

Section I: Governance

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 1 Overall Responsibility of the Administrator	FMDQ Exchange is the Benchmark Administrator of NAFEX, NIBOR and NITTY and has primary responsibility for all aspects of the Benchmarks' determination process including the development, dissemination, operation, and governance of the	 EY reviewed the Benchmarks (NIBOR, NITTY and NAFEX) methodology(ies) and can confirm that FMDQ Exchange has primary responsibility as the Administrator of each Benchmark. Each
IOSCO Principle 1 states that the Administrator shall have primary responsibility for all aspects of the Benchmark determination process,	FMDQ Exchange, through its Market Development function,	methodology's development includes a definition provided in sections titled Use for NIBOR, Use of NAFEX, and the Introduction for the NITTY
including development, determination and dissemination, operation, and governance.	develops Methodologies to calculate Fixings as part of the Market Architecture Division (" MAD "). FMDQ Exchange retains all intellectual rights and ownership of all its Benchmarks.	 In addition, the NITTY and NIBOR each has a section
This Principle makes clear that, regardless of the structure for Benchmark determination and administration, there should be an overall entity which is responsible for the integrity of the Benchmark.	FMDQ Exchange is responsible for implementing all its Benchmarks in line with the defined Methodologies. Each Benchmark is calculated in a controlled environment and is disseminated on the FMDQ Exchange website, FMDQ Exchange	outlining the respective Fixing Methodology while NAFEX has a section outlining its Benchmark Methodology. EY reviewed each Benchmark and can verify that the benchmarks all include a section on contingency measures called "Contingency
	e-Markets Data Portal and through third party data distributors. The FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are published at approximately 1:00 PM for NAFEX, 12:00 Noon for NITTY and	Plan" in the event of absence of, or insufficient inputs, market stress or disruption, failure of critical infrastructure, or other relevant factors
	2:00 PM (WAST ⁶) for NIBOR. In the case of a delay of a Benchmark publication, subscribers/users, and third-party distributors as relevant will be notified of the delay via an email.	 EY reviewed the FMDQ Exchange website, and it demonstrates compliance with IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks regarding its Benchmarks. The Exchange has a Benchmark Control
	FMDQ Exchange is responsible for the ongoing operation of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks including taking appropriate contingency measures in the event of absence of sufficient inputs, market stress, disruption, or failure of critical infrastructure. Any contingency measures that are not directly addressed in the Methodology shall be subject to FMDQ	Framework, and Market Review Committee to ensure reliable representations of market activities in the Nigerian financial market. The Benchmarks are based on observable transactions and data exclusion policies and are subject to internal
	Exchange's process for the exercise of Expert Judgment.	controls. The Exchange also has an established

⁶ West African Standard Time (i.e., Greenwich Mean Time [GMT] + 1)

 FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Oversight Committee ("BOC") is the MRC which provide governance and oversight in respect of all aspects of FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Administrator functions. The responsibilities of the MRC include, without limitation, overseeing FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark administration activities undertaken by FMDQ Exchange personnel including reviewing and challenging all aspects of: Benchmark design; the integrity of FMDQ Exchange Benchmark determination processes; and reviewing markets, institutions, and structures, recommending policy alternatives to regulatory agencies, and developing, calibrating and reviewing market intervention policies (either from FMDQ Exchange or regulatory agencies) 	 and ensuring quality assurance EY reviewed the Exchange Benchmarks and verified that NAFEX Benchmark is published daily at 1:00 PM, while the NIBOR and NITTY Benchmark are published at 2:00 PM and 12:00 Noon respectively NAFEX, NITTY and NIBOR are available in three (3) packages; Live Fix, Delayed and Historical In July 2023, the Exchange transitioned NAFEX from a contribution-based benchmark to a transaction-based benchmark to ensure its integrity and reduce
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			EY reviewed the Business Continuity Management Plan (BCMP) and can verify that it aims to recover mission-critical business products and services in disasters, facilitating timely recovery and minimising critical decisions. FMDQ Exchange's BCMP supports objectives through Business Impact analysis, Risk Assessment, BCMP annual review, staff training, and a muster point EY's review indicated that the Market Review Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving FMDQ Exchange initiatives, while the Board Listings, Markets and Technology Committee, is responsible for fostering the company's value proposition and securities admission franchise
Principle 2	FMDQ Exchange manages all aspects of the Benchmark determination process and does not outsource responsibility for	•	From EY's assessment of the benchmark administration, FMDQ Exchange manages all
Oversight of Third Parties	the Benchmark determination process. Third parties are not involved in the collection of inputs to FMDQ Exchange		aspects of the Benchmark determination process and does not outsource responsibility for the
IOSCO Principle 2 requires an Administrator to	Benchmarks, as FMDQ Exchange sources all data directly from		Benchmark determination process with respect to
maintain appropriate oversight of third parties that perform activities related to the	either the counterparties to the trades underlying the Benchmarks or the intermediaries on whose systems those		calculation and publication of benchmarks
Benchmark determination process, such as the	trades are executed.		
collection of inputs, publication or where a third-party act as a calculation Agent.	However, FMDQ Exchange does publish the FMDQ Exchange		
	Benchmarks through data vendors. Such relationships are		
This Principle reflects the concern that any outsourcing of functions should be subject to	governed by legal agreements that set out the roles and obligations of these data vendors and the limitation to the use		
oversight by the Administrator. This Principle	of the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks. Consequently, FMDQ		
applies only where activities relating to the Benchmark determination processes are	Exchange does not consider these providers as "third parties" as contemplated under Principle 2 of the IOSCO Principles.		
undertaken by third parties, for example with			
respect to collection of inputs, or where a third-	Therefore, the oversight requirement described in Principle 2		
party act as the Calculation Agent or Publisher of the Benchmark.	does not apply to FMDQ Exchange.		

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 3 Conflicts of Interest for Administrators IOSCO Principle 3 states that the Administrator should document, implement, and enforce policies and procedures for the identification, disclosure, management, mitigation, or avoidance of conflicts of interest including the disclosure of any material conflicts of interest to stakeholders.	 FMDQ Exchange enforces policies and procedures to mitigate and avoid conflicts of interests in the determination of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks which are periodically reviewed by MRC. Additionally, FMDQ Exchange maintains an Employee Code of Conduct and Staff are subject to continuous education on ethics and confidentiality. FMDQ Exchange has organised the management and supervision of its Benchmark Administration activity in a manner which seeks to manage and mitigate conflicts of interests that may arise. FMDQ Exchange separates the administration and determination functions of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks from direct supervision and control of the Market Development and Market Oversight functions. To this end: The team responsible for carrying out the administration to the Benchmarks is separated from the team which develops the Methodology for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks The goals, rewards and incentives for personnel involved in the administration and determination and determination of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks FMDQ Exchange personnel are required to conduct their business activities in line with processes and procedures established in relation to the administration of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks and in accordance with the Employee Code of Conduct, other internal policies, and relevant laws; and in limited, circumstances, regarding Benchmarks and in accordance with the Employee Code 	 EY reviewed FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Control Framework, and Employee Code & Conduct Policy. The Employee Code and Conduct Policy outlines ethical responsibilities, guiding employees in business decisions, and the Benchmark Control Framework ensures transparency. The Benchmark Control Framework addresses conflicts of interest, managing business conflicts, reporting whistleblowing, and employee screening. The Employee Code and Conduct Policy outlines conflict of interest situations and obligations. Evidence of signed conflict of interest declarations from MD/CEO and Benchmark employees was observed EY reviewed evidence of signed Attestation and Undertaking in Relation to FMDQ Exchange Employee Code of Conduct Policy from the MD/CEO of FMDQ and Benchmark employees EY reviewed the Employee Code of Conduct Policy which aims to promote ethical decision-making, maintain consistency in business operations, ensure business interests protection, and minimise reputational damage through a policy that communicates expectations to employees

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
	 of Conduct, other internal policies, and relevant laws; and in limited circumstances, regarding Benchmarks and in accordance with the applicable Methodology, Expert Judgment may be applied. Any such Expert Judgment is subject to internal procedures, controls and criteria established to mitigate any conflict of interest which may arise FMDQ Exchange has a robust Code of Business Conduct and Ethics for Directors, which sets out to ensure that Directors are making ethical decisions when performing their duties. This Code is intended to provide the Director's guidance with respect to recognising and managing areas of ethical issues and disclose unethical conduct whilst fostering a culture of openness and accountability 	
Principle 4Control Framework for AdministratorsIOSCO Principle 4 states that an Administrator should implement an appropriate control framework for the process of determining and distributing the Benchmark.The control framework should be appropriately tailored to the materiality of the potential or existing conflicts of interest identified, the extent of the use of discretion in the Benchmark setting process and the nature of Benchmark inputs and outputs.Amongst other things, the framework should address the following areas:	 FMDQ Exchange has incorporated the elements of the Benchmark Control Framework, in proportion to the risk and size of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks in respect of Benchmark design, determination, publication and ongoing maintenance, as well as the policies and procedures, training and IT systems that support the Benchmark administration framework into the various documents for the respective administrative functions: Conflicts of Interest: FMDQ Exchange, as the administrator, maintains organisational and administrative arrangements (including policies and procedures) to identify, manage, mitigate, or avoid existing or potential conflicts of interests that may arise from the process of Benchmark administration (please refer to the description of compliance with Principle 3) 	 EY reviewed FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Control Framework and Standard Policies and Procedure (SPP) for Fixings and Methodology Review and inspected for evidence that procedures and controls exist to promote consistency throughout the Benchmark administration process EY reviewed the Whistleblowing Policy and can confirm that FMDQ Exchange upholds high ethical standards, encouraging employees and stakeholders to report suspected misconduct or breaches of law. In addition, EY tested FMDQ Exchange's whistleblowing mechanism to confirm its functionality via the email; kpmgethicsline@ng.kpmg.com and we received feedback confirming the KPMG Ethics Line mailbox is being monitored and working properly

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
 Conflicts of interest in line with Principle 3 on conflicts of interests Integrity and quality of Benchmark determination Whistleblowing mechanism Expertise 	 Internal Oversight: FMDQ Exchange is focused on managing risk (including operational risk) associated with Benchmark administration related activities. To this end, the BOC provides governance and oversight of Benchmark administration activities. The BOC is composed of representatives from several FMDQ Exchange front office functions and risk/control functions (please refer to Principle 5) 	
	• Escalation and Whistleblowing: All FMDQ Exchange personnel are required to comply with the FMDQ Exchange Employees Code of Conduct, which sets the expectation that personnel will, and encourages personnel to, escalate all possible violations of a law, regulation, FMDQ Exchange policy or ethical standards.	
	Furthermore, FMDQ Exchange has an established Whistleblowing Policy and mechanism which provides an avenue for stakeholders (members, employees, regulators, investors, industry professionals, issuers, and the public) to report all or any possible violations of a law, regulation, FMDQ Exchange policy or ethical standard	
	 Benchmark Complaints Procedures: Complaints regarding FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are handled in line with the FMDQ Exchange Benchmark Complaints Policy and the Complaint Management Framework which is developed pursuant to the Investments and Securities Act 2007 ("ISA"), SEC Rules and Regulations 2013 and the IOSCO Principles for Securities Regulation 	

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
	 Benchmark Administration Process: FMDQ Exchange maintains procedures for the ongoing determination, publication, and maintenance of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks. The FMDQ Exchange Benchmark Methodologies disclose the determination process for the Benchmarks including, without limitation, the data inputs, and their sources. In addition, Benchmark Methodologies contain a description of the consequences of market stress or disruption events for the determination of the Benchmarks, including the use of Expert Judgment (please refer to descriptions of compliance with Principles 6 to 15 for further details) 	
	 Maintenance, Periodic Review, and Communication: The FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are subject to periodic review to gauge whether relevant Fixings remain fit-for-purpose. During the review, FMDQ Exchange considers several factors relevant to the Benchmarks, including the original design considerations, determination Methodologies, data inputs, stakeholders' feedback (including complaints) and audit findings. If FMDQ Exchange determines that the Benchmark Methodology should be modified, or a relevant Benchmark is no longer suitable, the BOC must approve any modification or discontinuation and notify stakeholders accordingly. Please refer to descriptions of compliance for Principles 12 and 13 respectively for further details Information Published and Made Available: The 	
	Benchmark Methodology is made available via the following link: <u>https://fmdqgroup.com/exchange/market-data/benchmarks/</u>	
	 Expertise: FMDQ Exchange has implemented measures to ensure that all FMDQ Exchange personnel involved in 	

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
	Benchmark Administration possess the necessary levels of expertise and competence and are subject to periodic performance reviews and assessments. All FMDQ Exchange personnel involved in Benchmark Administration activities are subject to regular sensitisation on matters such as ethics, compliance, and information security	
	 Audit and Accountability: FMDQ Exchange, as the Benchmark Administrator, is subject to review by the FMDQ Exchange Internal Audit Division in line with the appropriate risk-based audit cycle and maintains written records of key data, events, procedures and other documents for audit and regulatory purposes (please refer to Principles 17 to 19 (inclusive) for further details) 	
	 Integrity of Submissions: Benchmark Reference Banks are selected from Dealing Member (Banks) ("DMBs") based on their market volume and performance, professionalism, and financial standing. Benchmark Reference Banks are required to adhere to the guidelines in the submissions Methodology as directed by FMDQ Exchange which stipulates the following: a pre-compilation or pre-publication monitoring to identify and avoid errors in inputs or submissions, frequency of submissions, etc. 	

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 5 Internal Oversight IOSCO Principle 5 states that an Administrator should establish an oversight function to review and provide challenge on all aspects of the Benchmark determination process.	The BOC reviews and assesses the Benchmark production process. Internal policies in place define the responsibilities of the BOC and the details of its membership. The composition of the BOC is such that it provides a balanced representation of a range of internal stakeholders and is designed to mitigate any potential conflicts of interest. Each individual member has (i) an appropriate level of seniority and experience to participate as a member of the BOC, and (ii) knowledge and expertise relating to the front office function or risk/control function represented by the relevant individual, in each case as determined by the relevant Front Office Function or Risk/control Function and subject to periodic review. External parties are not included in the oversight of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks. However, FMDQ Exchange ensures extensive engagements are carried out in line with its documented Stakeholder Consultation Policy. As a general principle, the relevant Financial Market Dealers Association ("FMDA") Workgroups responsible for the underlying asset for which the referenced Benchmark measures, are consulted. FMDA is the association of Nigerian deposit money banks' treasurers which is focused on regulatory policy engagement/advocacy and professional ethics in the financial markets. FMDA's members are the primary contributors to the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks and therefore the highest-ranked stakeholder category for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks. In the case of fundamental modifications to the design or administration of a Benchmark, a wider consultation, incorporating all other relevant stakeholders (buy-side, foreign investors, etc.) shall also be undertaken.	 EY reviewed the BLMAC Charter, verifying its responsibilities for governance and oversight of Benchmark administration, and the MRC Charter, verifying the BLMAC's appropriate designation of reviewing, monitoring, and maintaining the Benchmark administration framework EY reviewed the Market Review Committee (MRC) Charter and verified that it defines the roles and responsibilities of the MRC in relation to the Benchmark Administration process as well as the details of its membership. The MRC Charter delineate the frequency of meeting which is annually. EY also noted that MRC meeting were held as prescribed The Market Review Committee assesses financial market attractiveness, reviews technical matters, reviews FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks, monitors determination process, investigates complaints, maintains governance, approves market reports, and performs other responsibilities for Exchange's product development and Benchmark Administration functions The MRC meets on an ad-hoc or prescheduled basis to review and deliberate on issues under the Charter. Members can participate via phone, video, or email. Meetings are open to MRC members, with the MD/CEO present for Benchmark Administration matters. Issues are decided by majority votes, and deliverables are collated and distributed one week after each meeting

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
	 The Committee's responsibilities include reviewing: Benchmark design: The definition and Methodology of the Benchmarks General issues and risks regarding the Benchmarks The calculation Methodology of the Benchmarks Any proposed changes to a Methodology Integrity of the Benchmark determination and control framework: Audit findings related to the production of Benchmarks Any use of non-standard procedures in the production of the Benchmarks, including the use of Staff Expert Judgment or contingency data sources Existing and potential conflicts of interest and related policies imposed on Staff Investigating complaints reported by stakeholders with regards to the Benchmark Administration process Assisting in the maintenance of governance/control procedures for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks including where necessary, advising on enforcement/disciplinary procedures 	 EY was provided with the profile of some of the Market Review Committee members and can verify that the composition is as outlined in the Charter. The profile of Committee member confirms that the Committee is composed of individual with relevant qualification and experience to provide appropriate oversight over the benchmark administration process

Section II: Quality of the Benchmark

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 6 Benchmark Design IOSCO Principle 6 states that the design of a Benchmark should seek to achieve and result in an accurate and reliable representation of the economic realities of the Interest it seeks to measure and eliminate factors that might result in a distortion of the price, rate, index, or value of the Benchmark.	 FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks consist of spot rate Fixings for fixed income and currency developed by FMDQ Exchange and generated using the Benchmark Methodology. FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are made available to users at specified set times during each business day and follow a systematic set of documented procedures. The considerations which are factored into the design of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks include the following: Relevance and Comprehensiveness: The Benchmarks aim to include all market prices that are realistically available to market participants under normal market conditions. Should there be insufficient or unreliable observable pricing in the relevant market, the Benchmarks may be republished and made available as indicative only (please refer to Principles 8 and 9) Simple and objective selection criteria: Clear and definable objectives govern the inclusion of products, tenors, or datasets within the Benchmark universe. In assessing these design considerations, the underlying components of the proposed Benchmarks are considered by reference to (i) the adequacy of the components used to represent the relevant Interest; (ii) the size and liquidity of the relevant market (for example whether there is sufficient trading to provide observable, transparent pricing); (iii) the relative size of the underlying market in relation to the anticipated volume of trading of the underlying instrument; (iv) the distribution of trading (market concentration); and (v) market dynamics 	 EY conducted a comprehensive review of the Methodologies applied to each Benchmark. This included examining the elements considered in the design of the Benchmark, criteria for including or excluding submissions, expert judgment, and contingency planning procedures EY assessed that the established procedure for initiating benchmark complies with the considerations outlined in the response from FMDQ Exchange. This alignment ensures the procedures are in line with the FMDQ Exchange's standards and best practices According to EY's observations, there were no exceptions or discrepancies noted during the review

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
 Principle 7 Data Sufficiency IOSCO Principle 7 states that the data used to construct a Benchmark determination should be sufficient to accurately and reliably represent the Interest measured by the Benchmark and should: a) Be based on prices, rates, indices, or values that have been formed by the competitive forces of supply and demand to provide confidence that the price discovery system is reliable; and b) Be anchored by observable transactions entered at arm's length between buyers and sellers in the market for the Interest the Benchmark measures for it to function as a credible indicator of prices, rates, indices, or values. 	 FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are primarily anchored in observable transactions that are priced based on the competitive forces of demand and supply and are conducted at arm's length where data is sufficiently available and reflects adequate liquidity and/or 'executable bid/offer quotes' where liquidity levels are low and are published each day. Selection of inputs and their use in the determination of Benchmarks are described in the respective Benchmark Methodologies (please refer to Principle 11). FMDQ Exchange may exercise its Expert Judgment to override a Benchmark determination. Expert Judgment may be used in instances where market activity and observability have deteriorated over time or to the extent that the observed inputs are no longer reliable. In such instances, a Benchmark may be repeated or published as indicative only (please refer to principles 8 and 9). 	 EY conducted a comprehensive examination of both the methodologies and supporting guides utilised in the calculation of the benchmarks. This included a thorough analysis of the data employed in these calculations Furthermore, EY conducted an evaluation to verify that the data sufficiency requirements and the contingency methodology align with the descriptions provided in FMDQ Exchange's methodology and policy In addition, EY validated the accuracy of the data entered into the system, ensuring that it was both sufficient and in accordance with the rules stipulated by the benchmark methodology The acquisition of data used to construct a Benchmark is hinged on rates provided by active market participants, which helps to reflect the actual state of the market Finally, EY reviewed the determination process of the NAFEX, NITTY, and NIBOR. The firm confirmed that the procedure used to establish data sufficiency - as outlined in the Benchmark Methodologies - was carried out effectively

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
 Principle 8 Hierarchy of Data Inputs IOSCO Principle 8 states that the Administrator should establish and publish or make available clear guidelines regarding the hierarchy of data inputs and exercise of Expert Judgment used for the determination of Benchmarks. In general, the hierarchy of data inputs should include: a) Where a Benchmark is dependent upon Submissions, the Submitters' own concluded arms-length transactions in the underlying Interest or related markets. b) Reported or observed concluded Arm's-length Transactions in the underlying Interest. 	 FMDQ Exchange may use transactional data entered on an arm's length basis between buyers and sellers in the market, where that data is available and reflects sufficient liquidity. In a market where liquidity levels are low, the Benchmark may be based predominantly or exclusively on contributed quotes. The order of selection of data input for underlying securities is outlined in the Methodology of each Benchmark. Market Disruption: The Benchmark Methodologies contain descriptions of the consequences of market stress or disruption events on the determination of each Benchmark if such events were to occur. Expert Judgment: In addition to the exercise of Expert Judgment can also be exercised in performing the relevant Benchmark determination where (i) a market event is not fully anticipated or addressed in the Benchmark Methodology or (ii) inputs for a security or currency pair is unavailable or 	 EY Procedure Performed EY reviewed the Methodologies to ensure the required data inputs were in alignment with the stipulations outlined in the Methodology documents. Within these documents, predefined procedures and treatments are detailed, particularly for situations where there might be discrepancies in the number of inputs received. We also observed the active role of the Market Surveillance team in this phase EY confirmed that data validation and verification activities are conducted by the Index Services Group before upload and after upload by the Internal Control Group
 c) Reported or observed concluded Arm's- length Transactions in related markets. d) Firm (executable) bids and offers; and e) Other market information or Expert Judgments. 	considered by FMDQ Exchange to be unreliable pursuant to the Methodology. Expert Judgment will be exercised (i) in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, (ii) to the extent practicable, reflecting the commercial objective of the relevant Benchmark Fixing and market practice, and (iii) to the extent practicable, in a manner which promotes consistency in the exercise of Expert Judgment and the making of determinations in respect of the Benchmark as a whole (please refer to principles 9 and 11).	

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 9 Transparency of Benchmark Determinations IOSCO Principle 9 states that an Administrator should describe and publish with each Benchmark determination, to the extent reasonable without delaying an Administrator publication deadline of a concise explanation sufficient to facilitate a subscriber's or Market Authority's ability to understand how the Benchmark determination was developed, as well as a concise explanation of the extent to which and the basis upon which judgment, if any, was used by the Administrator in establishing a Benchmark determination.	The objectives and functions of this Principle have been addressed in an alternative manner based on the FMDQ Exchange's assessment of the impact the publication of the identified information will have on the market. FMDQ Exchange Benchmark determinations are governed by rules detailed in the Benchmark Methodology (please refer to Principle 11). The Benchmark Methodologies provide an understanding of how the Benchmark rates are determined and, circumstances where Expert Judgment may be exercised. However, all second/third level analysis of the Benchmark data while not published are archived by FMDQ Exchange for audit purposes.	 Our audit process involved conducting a rigorous examination of the FMDQ Exchange's website to confirm that the methodologies for each benchmark are openly accessible to the public. We ascertained that the criteria for determining each benchmark were comprehensively presented and easily accessible to all relevant parties EY also reviewed the Standard Policy and Procedure (SPP) Manual for Fixings. We carried out walkthroughs with the Index Services Group/Market Data Group to validate that their daily processes and controls regarding the calculation and publication of the Benchmarks align with the published Methodology Throughout the process, EY did not note any exceptions or discrepancies
Principle 10 Periodic Review IOSCO's Principle 10 contemplates that the Administrator will conduct a periodic review of Benchmark design.	 FMDQ Exchange periodically reviews the Benchmarks by assessing: Whether there have been any changes in the underlying components or Interest referenced by the Benchmarks which may mean that such components or Interest are no longer adequately represented by the Benchmarks in the manner originally intended; and Whether the Benchmarks remain fit-for-purpose and within acceptable limitations, FMDQ Exchange reviews its Benchmark Methodologies annually to ensure that the approach adopted towards calibrating the Benchmarks considers market trends, feedback, and observations. Furthermore, the frequency of reviews varies across the Benchmarks administered by FMDQ Exchange and depends on relevant factors including the frequency of any operational items which have been collated from 	 Our review was aimed at confirming the periodic evaluations of the Benchmarks. We considered the following factors: Adjustments in the underlying components or Interest referenced by the Benchmarks which may mean that such components or Interest are no longer adequately represented by the Benchmarks in the manner originally intended From our assessments, reviews were carried out to determine whether the Benchmarks continue to be fit for purpose and are maintained within permissible limits. These reviews are conducted by the Market Review Committee

stakeholder feedback (including complaints), audit findings, and as may be requested by the BOC.	 No irregularities or non-compliances were observed throughout these inspections according to the review conducted by EY
The BOC considers the findings following periodic reviews of each Benchmark and any proposed changes to a Benchmark Methodology arising from this review will be subject to the process described in Principle 12.	

Section III: Quality of the Methodology

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 11	FMDQ Exchange Benchmark Methodologies are available on https://www.fmdqgroup.com/markets/fmdq-benchmark-	 EY undertook an inspection of FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Methodologies to verify that the
Content of the Methodology IOSCO Principle 11 states that the Administrator	administration/. The Benchmark Methodologies are designed to enable potential users of the Benchmark and other stakeholders to assess and review the characteristics of each	content encompasses crucial elements such as the objectives or uses of the Benchmarks, details on data sourcing and calculation, and the contingency
should document and publish or make available the Methodology used to make Benchmark	Benchmark (including its objectives, technical Methodology, and parameters).	plan
determinations with sufficient detail to allow stakeholders to understand how the Benchmark is derived and to assess its representativeness, its relevance to stakeholders, and its appropriateness as a reference for financial instruments.	The Methodologies describe the determination process including, without limitation, inputs selection, including definitions of key terms and concepts. In addition, the document contains a description of the consequences of market stress or disruption events for the determination of a Benchmark. FMDQ Exchange periodically reviews the Benchmark Methodology to ensure accuracy and completeness (place refer to Principle 10)	 Our review confirmed that FMDQ Exchange's Benchmark Methodologies are accessible to the public, as declared in FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance. FMDQ Exchange's transparency upholds the principles of accountability and openness, which are fundamental elements of the IOSCO's principles for financial benchmarks Banchmark Methodologies provides that a review
	(please refer to Principle 10). While Benchmark Methodologies do not explicitly describe the circumstances in which FMDQ Exchange may consult with stakeholders, the circumstances in which FMDQ Exchange may consult with stakeholders, as appropriate, are outlined in Principles 12 and 13 of this Statement of Compliance. Furthermore, FMDQ Exchange maintains a Reference Bank	 Benchmark Methodologies provides that a review of the benchmarks is required to ensure the calibration approach towards the fixings remains aligned with current market trends and observations. EY assessed and confirmed that reviews of the Benchmark Methodologies are conducted by the MRC to ensure that the Methodologies adopted of each Benchmark
	Methodology, wherein the criteria for including and excluding Submitters is detailed.	calibrates with current market trends and observations

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 12 Changes of Methodology IOSCO Principle 12 states that an Administrator should Publish or make available the rationale of any proposed material change in its Methodology, and procedures for making such changes. The procedures should clearly define what constitutes a material change, and the method and timing for consulting or notifying subscribers (and other stakeholders where appropriate, considering the breadth and depth of the Benchmark's use) of changes. In addition, the Administrator should develop stakeholder consultation procedures in relation to changes to the Methodology that are deemed material by the oversight function, and that are appropriate and proportionate to the breadth and depth of the Benchmark's use and the nature of the stakeholders.	 FMDQ Exchange may seek to revise the composition or calculation Methodology for one or more Benchmarks. The BOC, charged with periodically reviewing the calculation Methodology of the Benchmarks to ensure that they continue to properly reflect their underlying interests, will review, and approve any such proposed revisions. Benchmarks are continually evolving. There is a formal process for changes to the Benchmark Methodology. In such circumstances, FMDQ Exchange follows documented procedures that are proportionate to the size and risks of the Benchmark and involve three (3) phases: discovery, planning, and execution. Discovery: FMDQ Exchange, as the Administrator, endeavours to resolve ambiguities, errors and omissions using Expert Judgment and may, in consultation with the BOC, amend the Benchmark Methodology to reflect the resolution of such ambiguity, error, or omission in accordance with documented procedures. In so doing, FMDQ Exchange assesses the potential impact such change may have on users and stakeholders and, if deemed appropriate and proportionate to the rate-Fixing, undertakes a survey of stakeholders for feedback on the proposed amendment to the Methodology. Any such decision to survey stakeholders is taken in consultation with the BOC. Planning: FMDQ Exchange, as the Administrator, considers (i) the potential impact on users and stakeholders, (ii) whether a change to the Benchmark Methodology is necessary to ensure that the Benchmark Methodology is necessary to ensure following a survey, if necessary. 	 EY reviewed the Methodologies and other relevant documents where the procedures for making changes to the Benchmarks are stated EY reviewed the Stakeholder consultation policy which describes the conditions where FMDQ Exchange will consult with Stakeholders to make proposed material changes to the benchmarks and the procedures for these changes EY observed that all important information is being communicated with all relevant stakeholders through the existing channels EY observed that the NAFEX methodology was changed during the review period from a contribution methodology to a transaction methodology EY equally observed that when this change IN NAFEX benchmark methodology occurred, a market notice was communicated with all relevant stakeholders on the existing change

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
	Execution : FMDQ Exchange, as the Administrator, is responsible for consulting with the BOC regarding any proposal to amend the Benchmark Methodology and may liaise with other teams within FMDQ Exchange regarding obtaining stakeholder feedback. The BOC monitors all three (3) phases of the process and approves amendments to the Methodology.	
	Where relevant, pursuant to the Benchmark Methodology, FMDQ Exchange provides notification to users and stakeholders of its decision and rationale behind the amendment of the Methodology.	
Principle 13 Transition IOSCO Principle 13 states that an Administrator should have clear written policies and procedures, to address the need for possible cessation of a Benchmark, due to market structure change, product definition change, or any other condition which makes the Benchmark no longer representative of its intended Interest. These policies and procedures should be proportionate to the estimated breadth and depth of contracts and financial instruments that reference a Benchmark and the economic and financial stability impact that might result from the cessation of the Benchmark.	 FMDQ Exchange recognises the importance and significance of the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks to the strength and stability of the financial system. Therefore, to ensure the integrity of the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks and provide for the continued stability of the financial markets, the Exchange has developed a Benchmark Transition Policy to be executed in the event of the possible cessation of any FMDQ Exchange Benchmark or one (1) or more of the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks' tenors. (Please see Principle 12). FMDQ Exchange shall provide reasonable notice to stakeholders should it decide to discontinue the publication of a Fixing as documented in the Transition Policy. 	 EY reviewed FMDQ Exchange's "Benchmarks Transition Policy" which makes provision for the procedure. If an FMDQ Exchange benchmark is temporarily discontinued or permanently ceased as a result of varying events at the time. EY established that the policy provides a plan for various unforeseen scenarios in the benchmark administration process Notably a transition occurred in July 2023 on the NAFEX. The NAFEX methodology was changed from a contribution-based benchmark to transaction- based benchmark

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 14 Submitter Code of Conduct IOSCO Principle 14 states that where a Benchmark is based on Submissions, The Administrator should develop guidelines for Submitters ("Submitter Code of Conduct"), which should be available to relevant Regulatory Authorities, if any, and Published or Made Available to stakeholders.	The objectives of this Principle have been addressed in an alternative manner and proportionate to the extent of the assessed risks as the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks can each be determined from a combination of observable transactions and submissions based on the prevailing condition in the market at any given time. Consequently, Contributors/Submitters are given strict instructions which outline their responsibilities and are required to adhere to them. These factors adequately mitigate the risks that are intended to be addressed by a Submitter Code of Conduct under the IOSCO Principles.	 EY observed that FMDQ Exchange has an existing email template sent to all submitters annually to renew their position as reference banks From our engagement, EY note that the renewal email serves as a measure to communicating its code of conduct to the reference bank(s) where their acceptance of being submitters directly signify adherence to the code of conduct as well as other guidelines stated to ensure seamless submitting of data to FMDQ Exchange From our review no exceptions or deviations were noted
Principle 15 Internal Control over Data collection IOSCO Principle 15 states that when an Administrator collects data from any external source, it should ensure that there are appropriate internal controls over its data collection and transmission processes. These controls should address the process for selecting the source, collecting the data, and protecting the integrity and confidentiality of the data. Where Administrators receive data from employees of the Front Office Function, the Administrator should seek corroborating data from other sources.	The data collected for each of FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are submitted to FMDQ Exchange through secure data collection mechanisms. Prior to being used to calculate FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks, the data is validated and stored by FMDQ Exchange. Internal controls have been put in place regarding the collection of data and in protecting the integrity and confidentiality of the data, while Staff involved in the Benchmark production process are trained in the proper usage of the data. The Benchmark control framework ensures that adequate controls are in place such that all inputs are considered appropriate to represent the Interest that the Benchmark is seeking to measure.	 EY reviewed FMDQ Exchange's controls over data collection procedures covering the selection of data sources, collection of data through the market portal, protection of the integrity of data, and protection of the confidentiality of data EY performed a physical review of all information on the data collection process and performed walkthrough tests to assess the extent of implementation of data collection controls EY observed the application used by the Submitters to input and submit data. EY verified that controls are in place to monitor and scrutinise submissions and the transmission of data between the company's stakeholders

 Benchmarks vary according to the underlying security (please refer to Principles 7 and 8). Collection of data: FMDQ Exchange has implemented several internal controls over the collection of inputs. Such controls, which are subject to ongoing assessment and enhancement, are documented in the control framework and include, without limitation: Validation processes for checking the accuracy and completeness of inputs and escalation processes in respect of any inaccuracies identified Recalculation of a sample of Fixings across a period by an independent external auditor Data integrity and Confidentiality: To protect the integrity of inputs used in the Benchmark determination process,

Section IV: Accountability

Principle	FMDQX's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 16	Complaints regarding the FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks are handled in line with the published FMDQ Exchange	 EY conducted a review of FMDQ Exchange's Complaint Management Framework to confirm
Complaints Procedures	Benchmarks Complaint Policy with its attendant procedures which are designed to foster transparency and fairness in the	that the framework adequately outlines the procedures for lodging complaints, conducting
IOSCO Principle 16 requires each Administrator to establish and publish a written complaints procedures policy, by which stakeholders may submit complaints, including concerning whether a specific Benchmark determination is	treatment of the complaint. The Policy requires FMDQ Exchange as the Administrator, to follow specific procedures in relation to complaints received in respect of any of the Benchmarks.	independent investigations, escalating concerns promptly, and maintaining relevant complaint- related documentation. From our assessment, we identified no exceptions, illustrating a rigorous adherence to established standards. The
representative of the underlying Interest it seeks to measure, applications of the Methodology in relation to a specific Benchmark determination(s) and other Administrator decisions in relation to a Benchmark determination.	Stakeholders may address any concern or complaint in connection with any of the Benchmarks via the designated email: complaints@fmdqgroup.com which is managed by the Divisional Head, Market Oversight.	framework is publicly accessible on the Exchange's website, further signaling transparency in their operations. It distinguishes a 3-tiered procedure for complaint resolution and escalation, strengthening its effectiveness in addressing stakeholder
	All documents relating to a complaint, including those submitted by the complainant as well as FMDQ Exchange's own records, are required to be retained for a minimum of	grievances EY reviewed the Complaint Management
	seven (7) years, subject to applicable national legal or regulatory requirements (please refer to Principle 18).	 EY reviewed the Complaint Management Framework and can confirm that the Framework aims to manage complaint fairly, impartially, transparently, and timely, supporting securities
	If a complaint results in change to a Benchmark determination, such change shall be notified to the relevant users or stakeholders.	regulation objectives to protect investors, ensure fair markets, and reduce systemic risk. EY confirmed that the Complaint Management Framework was developed in alignment with SEC guidelines and directives

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 17	FMDQ Exchange's operational activities are subject to annual review by the FMDQ Exchange Internal Audit Division	 FMDQ has an Internal Audit Team saddled with the responsibility of independently and objectively
Audits	including the Benchmark Administration function in line with its risk-based audit cycle.	reviewing processes including the Benchmark Administration function
IOSCO Principle 17 states that the Administrator		
should appoint an independent internal or external auditor with appropriate experience and capability to periodically review and report on the Administrator's adherence to (1) the Principles, and (2) its stated Methodology. The frequency of the audits should be proportionate to the size and complexity of the Administrator's operations and the depth of	Furthermore, FMDQ Exchange shall engage an external audit firm biennially to conduct a periodic audit/validation of its compliance with the IOSCO Principles, the results of which will be made available on the FMDQ Exchange public website.	 EY reviewed the internal audit activity including report of both the Fixed Income and Currencies Markets Group and the Index Services Group/Market Data Group, which hold the responsibility for the benchmark process within FMDQ. These reports comprised key audit findings, ratings, and suggestions for improvement. There were also report to the BLAMC on audit finding
Benchmark use by stakeholders, provided that each Administrator is audited no less than annually.		 EY also observed that the internal audit procedure is risk-based. This approach prioritises the identification, assessment, and mitigation of potential risks that could impact the integrity and effectiveness of their benchmarking process, their standards of transparency and reliability
		 EY, an independent assurance provider, was engaged to carry out a review of FMDQ's activities in line with the requirements of IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks
		 No exceptions were noted

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle Principle 18 Audit Trail IOSCO Principle 18 states that Administrators should retain written records for five years, subject to applicable national legal or regulatory requirements on: a) All market data, Submissions and any other data and information sources relied upon for Benchmark determination. b) The exercise of Expert Judgment made by the	 FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance FMDQ Exchange's Data Retention Policies which is made pursuant to the ISA and the SEC Rules and Regulations 2013 (please refer to clause 129 and 163), mandates the safeguarding of necessary documents and/or information for audits in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements for a minimum period of seven (7) years. Information retained by FMDQ Exchange include but are not to limited to the following: Data collected for use in the Benchmark determination Identities of Staff responsible for the calculation of the Benchmarks Controls related to the validity and accuracy of the input 	 EY reviewed a selection of data files to assess FMDQ's data retention in accordance with its Backup Policy and in compliance with the SEC requirements EY also reviewed a selection of Market Notices in relation to areas where Expert Judgement has been
 Administrator in reaching a Benchmark determination. c) Other changes in or deviations from standard procedures and Methodologies, including those made during periods of market stress or disruption. d) The identity of each person involved in producing a Benchmark determination; and Any queries and response related to data inputs. 	data Furthermore, all Members of FMDQ Exchange (including Benchmark Submitters) are subject to the above Data Retention Policy by the execution of the relevant Membership Agreement. Consequently, Reference Banks are required to retain all data and information with respect to its role as a Reference Bank for a minimum of seven (7) years.	No exceptions were noted

Principle	FMDQ Exchange's Statement of Compliance	EY Procedure Performed
Principle 19	FMDQ Exchange is committed to cooperating with relevant Regulatory Authorities to improve the framework	 EY reviewed FMDQ exchange's process in compliance to both local and global regulatory (SEC, CPN, 19950, etc.) arguing and
Cooperation with Regulatory Authorities IOSCO Principle 19 states that the Administrator will make available relevant documents, audit trails and other documents subject to these Principles readily available to the relevant Regulatory Authorities carrying out their regulatory or supervisory duties and handed over promptly upon request subject to applicable national legal or regulatory requirements.	for Benchmark regulation or to address an inquiry, subject to applicable legal or regulatory restrictions and contractual or confidentiality obligations. Any such request for information related to the Benchmarks by any applicable Regulatory Authorities would be addressed on a case-by-case basis.	 CBN, IOSCO, etc.) requirement EY noted FMDQ Exchange's commitment to adherence with all applicable regulatory requirements and dedication to maintaining the highest standards of operational integrity, accountability, and transparency in the financial markets. This was validated through walkthrough and interview session with the Fixed Income and Currencies Markets Group

Conclusion

FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited ("FMDQ Exchange" or "the Exchange") has been assessed to be compliant with the IOSCO Principles for Financial Benchmarks as of 31st December 2023.

Appendix - Glossary of Key Terms

The table below shows the meaning of abbreviations/acronyms used.

Administration	Includes all stages and processes involved in the production and dissemination of a Benchmark, including:	
	 a) Collecting, analysing and/or processing information or expressions of opinion for the purposes of the determination of a Benchmark b) Determining a Benchmark through the application of a formula or another method of calculating the information or expressions of opinions provided for that purpose c) Dissemination to users, including any review, adjustment, and modification to this process 	
Arm's-length Transaction	A transaction between two parties that is concluded on terms that are not influenced by a conflict of interest (e.g., conflicts of interest that arise from a relationship such as a transaction between affiliates)	
Benchmark	The Benchmarks are prices, estimates, rates, indices, or values that are:	
	 a) Made available to users, whether free of charge or for payment b) Calculated periodically, entirely, or partially by the application of a formula or another method of calculation to, or an assessment of, the value of one or more underlying Interests c) Used for reference for purposes that include one or more of the following: 	
	 determining the Interest payable, or other sums due, under loan agreements or under other financial contracts or instruments determining the price at which a financial instrument may be bought or sold or traded or redeemed, or the value of a financial instrument measuring the performance of a financial instrument 	
Benchmark Administrator	 The legal entity responsible for all stages of the Benchmark Administration process, including: a) The calculation of the Benchmark b) Determining and applying the Benchmark Methodology c) Disseminating the Benchmark 	
BLMAC	Board Listings and Markets Committee	
BOC	Board Oversight Committee (please see MRC below)	
Calculation Agent	A legal entity with delegated responsibility for determining a Benchmark through the application of a formula or other method of calculating the information or expressions of opinions provided for that purpose, in accordance with the Methodology set out by the Administrator	

Expert Judgment:	Refers to the exercise of discretion by an Administrator or Submitter with respect to the use of data in determining a
	Benchmark. Expert Judgment includes extrapolating values from prior or related transactions, adjusting values for factors
	that might influence the quality of data such as market events or impairment of a buyer or seller's credit quality, or
	weighting firm bids or offers greater than a particular concluded transaction
FCG	Fixed Income and Currencies Markets Group
FMDQ Exchange	FMDQ Securities Exchange Limited
FMDQ Exchange Methodologies	A documented set of procedures applied by the Exchange to derive and calculate daily Fixings and market closing
or the Methodologies	rates/prices
Front Office Function	This term means any department, division, group, or personnel of Submitter or any of its affiliates, whether identified as
	such, that performs, or personnel exercising direct supervisory authority over the performance of, any pricing (excluding price verification for risk management purposes), trading, sales, marketing, advertising, solicitation, structuring, or
	brokerage activities on behalf of a third party or for proprietary purposes
Interest	Refers to any physical commodity, currency or other tangible goods, intangibles (such as an equity security, bond, futures
	contract, swap or option, interest rates, another index, including indexes that track the performance of a rule-based
IOSCO Principles	The Board of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) Final Report on the Principles for Financial
	Benchmarks published in July 2013
ISG	Index Services Group
MRC	Market Review Committee (which is the BOC for FMDQ Exchange Benchmarks)
MN	Market Notices to inform Benchmark users of any changes made to the Benchmarks
MSG	Market Services Group
NAFEX	Nigerian Autonomous Foreign Exchange Rate Fixing
NIBOR	Nigerian Inter-Bank Offered Rate Fixing
NITTY	Nigerian Inter-Bank Treasury Bills' True Yields Fixing
Reference Bank	Also referred to as Submitter Bank; a legal person with a banking license selected by the administrator to provide information for the determination of a Benchmark
Publish or Make Available	Refers to the expectation that a party such as an Administrator should provide a document or notice to stakeholders. The means by which such notice is made should be proportionate to the breadth and depth of Benchmark use by stakeholders, as determined by the Administrator on a "best efforts" basis. Ordinarily, posting a document or notice on the Administrator's website will meet this expectation
SPP	Standard Policy and Procedure
Stakeholders	Group, organisation, individuals, or system that affects or can be affected by an organisation's actions
Submitter	A legal person providing information to an Administrator or Calculation Agent required in connection with the
	determination of a Benchmark
Subscriber	A person or entity that purchases Benchmark determination services from an Administrator

About EY

EY is a global leader in assurance, tax, strategy & transactions, and consulting services. The insights and quality services we deliver help build trust and confidence in the capital markets and in economies the world over. We develop outstanding leaders who team to deliver on our promises to all of our stakeholders. In so doing, we play a critical roe in building a better working world for our people, for our clients and for our communities.

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